The Water Cycle Study Notes

Please do not take this paper from the classroom. Use it to complete your copy of the study notes.

- 1. Reservoir is used to describe a place where water is found in Earth systems.
- 2. The final step before water is acceptable for human consumption is chlorine or UV light disinfectant.
- 3. When water vapor (gas) changes to a liquid it is called condensation.
- 4. Water is cleaned in nature through the water cycle.
- 5. Water exists in all three forms; as a solid, liquid and gas when it is in the air.
- 6. Plants contribute to the water cycle by storing water and releasing it through transpiration.
- 7. Water must be clean for people to drink because dirty water can make people sick or kill them.
- 8. The change of liquid water to water vapor (gas) is called evaporation.
- 9. A molecule of water spends the **MOST** amount of time in the ground.
- 10. The process of water seeping into pores in the ground is infiltration.
- 11. Water in a glacier can be expected to stay in the glacier for 1,000 years.
- 12. A molecule of water would spend the **LEAST** amount of time in living things.
- 13. Well water from deep underground is sometimes clean enough for drinking because it has been filtered through layers of rock.
- 14. 97% of water is in the oceans. Only about 3% is fresh water.
- 15. Groundwater spends a long time in the ground because groundwater does not evaporate.
- 16. The sun is the main source of the energy required to change water from a liquid to gas phase.
- 17. Water in a wave in the Pacific Ocean arrives in Utah a week later because air currents carried it.
- 18. A reservoir is a place where large amounts of water are stored.
- 19. Surface water can look clean but contain harmful bacteria so thirsty hikers should not drink from a stream.
- 20. A process that removes salt from water is desalination.